

PHASE 1 – Foundation & Drainage New Construction Phased Inspection Report



John & Mary Doe 5237 Clinton Street, Denver, CO 80238







PHASE 1 – Foundation & Drainage New Construction Phased Inspection Report

Buyers Name: John & Mary Doe	Email:					
Address: 5237 Clinton Street	Email:					
Denver, CO 80238						
Builder's Name: Phone Number:						
Address:						
Part 1: TYPE OF HOME						
This is a 2-story home						
Part 2: DESIGN CRITERIA						
	□ Na					
1. Are the foundation plans on site? ☐Yes						
2. Has this foundation system for this structure been designed by an engineer, architect, or other						
design professional? ☑ Yes ☐No	annation 2 🗖 Van 🗆 Na					
3. Have the plans been reviewed during the in	nspection? ☑ Yes □ No					
Part 3: BEARING SOIL CONDITIONS						
1. Type: ☑ Compacted Fill	□Combination □Virgin					
2. Are soils loose or lightly compacted?						
3. Are trees or shrubbery within 20' of the fou						
4. Excavations free of debris? ☑ Yes	□No					
Part 4: BASEMENT						
A. Slab Type: ☑ Concrete ☐ Wo	ood Structural Steel Structural					
☐ Slab on Grade	☐ Piles and Grade Beams					





Part 5: ROUGH IN PLUMBING

Α.	Mi	ain Water Supply						
	1.	Material Used for Main Water Supply? ☑ (Copper \square	Plastic	\square Not Installed			
	2.	Depth of the City Water Supply?	9′					
	3.	Size of water supply line? □ ¾" ☑ 1"	□1-1/2″					
	4.	Location of main water shut-off valve?						
	5.	Proper void in place below the water suppl	y? □	Yes □ N	o 🗹 Not Visible			
(Requirement is 2x the void below the foundation wall. Example 4" void be								
		foundation, then 8" of void is required below the main water supply line)						
B. Main Sewer Line								
	1.	Size of Main Sewer Line? \square_3 " \square_4 "						
		2. Material used for main sewer line? ☑ PVC □ABS □Cast Iron						
	3.	Location of main cleanout? South Exterior of Garage						
	4.							
		(Requirement is 2x the void below the foundation wall. Example 4" void below						
		foundation, then 8" of void is required belo						
	5.	5. If no, what was observed? Drain properly sloped downward toward City sewer						
		connection? Yes No Not Visible (Does drain maintain a minimum of 1/4						
	_	unit vertical in 12 unit horizontal — 2%)						
C.	Dr	ainage Tile						
	1.			erior				
		Sump Pit Present?	☑ Yes	□ No				
	_	Water in Pit at Time of Inspection?	□ Yes		☑ Not Visible			
	4.	Number of Inlet Pipes?	□ 1	□ 2	✓ Not Visible			





Part 6: ASSUMPTIONS

These are items that should be monitored throughout the building process to insure that we do not encounter any concerns:



The soil was lightly compacted at the time of the inspection. The grading around the home was relative flat and sloping away from the foundation. This will continue to be worked until final grade is in place at time of the FINAL inspection. We will continue to evaluate the grading in between the residences to ensure that a proper swell is in place to help manage water run-off.

Proper grading is critical to the future success of the homes foundation. Many builders try to slope the lot 1/4" per 1'.





Part 7: GENERAL PHOTOS & NOTES

- 1) The sump pit was installed. This pit will be monitored throughout the process. Many times builders will install a pump during rough plumbing. This will be evaluated during the next phased inspection;
- 2) The beam pockets were cut in to the foundation wall. This will be further evaluated during the pre-drywall inspection to ensure they are properly grouted into place; and
- 3) A counterfort or tee section is constructed perpendicular to the main wall and the tee section acts as a beam, supporting the main wall. With the tee section extending over the footing, it strengthens the main wall.

Part 7: General Photos - Cont.







Part 7: General Photos – Cont.







Part 7: General Photos – Cont.





Garage Slab – Control Joints Cut In

Part 8: Recommendations

When the foundation walls are poured, many times during the end of a pour lumpy aggregate becomes part of the foundation wall. Depending on where this aggregate builds up, depends on whether or not additional work is needed. Since the aggregate ended up towards the bottom of the foundation wall, on the South and East sides, additional work should be performed to these sections of wall. See below for further recommendations:







South Wall - Aggregate At Bottom of Wall

Recommend having these sections of wall skim coated with additional concrete to prevent the aggregate from becoming displaced from the foundation wall by a qualified concrete professional.



